Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

For the year ended December 31, 2022 (With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

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(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Fire Commissioners
Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean
County of Monmouth
Township of Ocean, State of New Jersey

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean (hereafter referred to as the District), County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that

includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic

financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Required Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The long term debt schedule of obligations under finance purchases payable are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the long term debt schedule of obligations under finance purchases payable are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 15, 2023 Lakewood, New Jersey



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean County of Monmouth Township of Ocean, State of New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean (hereafter referred to as the District), County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those

provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 15, 2023 Lakewood, New Jersey

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

As management of the Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean (hereafter referred to as the District) offer the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended, December 31, 2022. The intent of this narrative is to look at the District's overall financial performance in terms easily understood by the layperson. Please read this in conjunction with the District's financial statements which begin on page 14. Notes to the financial statements will provide the reader with additional useful information and they begin on page 22.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2022 by approximately \$3,220,800. During, 2021 the excess of assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources was approximately \$2,577,200. This is an increase of approximately \$643,600.
- During 2022 the District operated at a surplus of approximately \$643,600. During 2021 the Fire District operated at a surplus of approximately \$588,400. This is an increase of approximately \$55,100.
- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased approximately \$203,000 in 2022 and their assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by approximately \$440,600.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: district wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to the basic financial statements.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 8. District wide financial statements are provided to give the reader a broad overview of the District's financial position and its financial activity for the year. It is presented in a format similar to the private sector to give the reader a familiar point of reference.

The district wide statement of net position presents information on all the assets and liabilities of the District. The difference between the assets and liabilities is reported as the District's net position. Significant increases or decreases in the District's net position can be an indication of the financial health of the District. The district wide statement of activities presents financial information about activities that result in the District's net position increasing or decreasing during the year. Financial activities are recorded when the transactions occur rather than when the cash is received or disbursed. As a result, there could be activities that result in cash flow in a future period.

The district wide financial statements report on the financial data by function. The District has one basic function: activities that are supported by property taxes. The District provides firefighting services to the citizens of Ocean Township, New Jersey, within the jurisdication of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, the District uses fund accounting to document compliance with finance-related legal matters. The District has one type of fund, which is the governmental fund.

Governmental Funds

The District's activities are all reported in governmental funds. These funds record the flow of cash in and out of the District during the period and the balances remaining at year end for future periods. The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. This method of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services that it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's services.

The District maintains three separate governmental funds; the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund.

The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the district wide statement of net position and the district wide statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

As required by *N.J.S.A.* 40A:14:78-3, the District adopts an annual budget which is voted on by the legal voters of the district on the third Saturday in February. Budgetary comparison schedules have been prepared to document compliance with budgetary requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District's net position is a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the end of 2022, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$3,220,800. The largest portion of The District's net position is its investment in capital assets. The District uses these assets to provide fire-fighting services to the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt. Since the capital assets are not available to liquidate the debt, other sources must be utilized for the repayment of the debt.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022	2021		2021			Increase/ Decrease)	% Increase/ (Decrease)	
Current and noncurrent assets										
and deferred outflows of resources	\$	4,413,088	\$	4,514,571	\$	(101,483)	(2.25%)			
Capital assets	φ	2,620,907	φ	2,078,853	Ф	542,054	26.07%			
Total assets and		2,020,907		2,070,033		342,034	20.0770			
deferred outflows of resources		7,033,995		6,593,424		440,571	6.68%			
Total liabilities and		(2.012.104)		(4.016.177)		(202 002)	(5.050/)			
deferred inflows of resources		(3,813,194)		(4,016,177)		(202,983)	(5.05%)			
Net position	\$	3,220,801	\$	2,577,247	\$	643,554	24.97%			
Analysis of net position										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$	2,190,065	\$	1,543,007	\$	647,058	41.93%			
Restricted for:										
Capital projects		1,138,685		1,636,625		(497,940)	(30.42%)			
Unrestricted		(107,949)		(602,385)		494,436	82.08%			
Total net position	\$	3,220,801	\$	2,577,247	\$	643,554	24.97%			

2022 NET POSITION

2021 NET POSITION



The net position of the District increased approximately \$643,600 as a result of the current year surplus. In 2022 the capital assets increased by approximately \$542,100 after depreciation expense.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

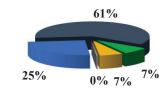
Governmental Activities

The district wide statement of activities shows the cost of the governmental activities program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these costs. A summary of these activities follows:

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

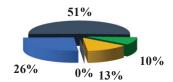
	2022	2021		\$ Increase/ (Decrease)		2022 2021			% Increase/ (Decrease)
Expenses:									
Program expenses:									
Administrative expenses	\$ 379,854	\$	388,961	\$	(9,107)	(2.34%)			
Cost of operations									
and maintenace	931,391		758,788		172,603	22.75%			
Operating appropriations offset									
with revenues	115,485		139,705		(24,220)	(17.34%)			
Appropriations for first aid squad	101,903		198,732		(96,829)	(48.72%)			
Interest expense	5,660		1,975		3,685	186.58%			
Total program expenses	\$ 1,534,293	\$	1,488,161	\$	46,132	3.10%			

2022 PROGRAM EXPENSES



- Administrative
- Cost of Operations
- Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues
- Appropriations for First Aid Squad

2021 PROGRAM EXPENSES



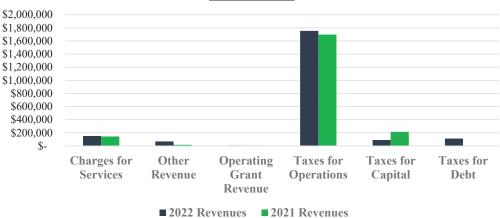
- Administrative
- Cost of Operations
- Operating Appropriations Offset with Revenues
- Appropriations for First Aid Squad

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (continued) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022		2021	-	Increase/ Decrease)	% Increase/ (Decrease)
Program revenues:	 	_				
Charges for services	151,022		142,181		8,841	6.22%
Total program revenues	151,022		142,181		8,841	6.22%
Net program expenses	1,383,271		1,345,980		37,291	2.77%
General revenues:						
Property taxes levied for:						
General purposes	\$ 1,752,904	\$	1,697,034	\$	55,870	3.29%
Capital purchases	88,250		214,000		(125,750)	(58.76%)
Debt service	110,928		-		110,928	100.00%
Total property taxes levied	1,952,082		1,911,034		41,048	2.15%
Other revenue	68,642		17,273		51,369	297.39%
Operating grant revenue	 6,101		6,101			0.00%
Total general revenues	2,026,825		1,934,408		92,417	4.78%
Increase in net position	643,554		588,428		55,126	9.37%
Net position, January 1	 2,577,247		1,988,819		588,428	29.59%
Net position, December 31	\$ 3,220,801	\$	2,577,247	\$	643,554	24.97%

REVENUES



Property tax revenue constituted 90% of the total governmental activities revenues received by the District in 2022 and 92% 2021.

The Cost of Operations & Maintenance comprised 65% and 59% of the District's total expenses in 2022 and 2021, respectively. Administration expenses comprised 27% and 30% of the total expenses in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS

The District uses fund accounting to document compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund

The primary objective of the District's governmental funds is to report on cash flows in and out during the period and the ending balances of the spendable resources. This information is useful to evaluate the performance of the District and to assess its future needs and available resources.

As of December 31, 2022, the combined balance of the governmental cash funds of the District was approximately \$3,907,100. This balance is approximately \$390,700 higher than last year's combined governmental funds balance.

The combined fund balance of the governmental funds of the District was approximately \$3,818,800. Of that total, funds of approximately \$998,700 have been restricted for capital \$206,400 have been assigned for subsequent year's expenditures and \$2,613,700 is unassigned.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the District. At the end of 2022, the total fund balance of the general fund was approximately \$2,680,100. Of this balance, approximately \$2,613,700 of it was unassigned.

During 2022 the general fund balance of the District increased by approximately \$325,700. The primary reason for this increased are as follows:

• The Board recognized revenues in excess of expenses of approximately \$325,700.

At the end of 2022, the District had a capital projects fund balance of approximately \$1,138,700. This is a decrease of \$497,900. The primary reason for this decrease are as follows:

• The Board recognized expenses in excess of revenues of approximately \$497,900.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

- The District recognized actual revenues in excess of budgeted revenues of approximately \$81,700 in 2022.
- Overall, the District's expenditures were approximately \$92,200 more than originally anticipated in the operating budget for 2022.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of December 31, 2022 the District had invested in capital assets for government activities of approximately \$2,620,900 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets consist of buildings and improvements, equipment and trucks and vehicles.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECATION DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022	2022 2021		
Capital Assets:				
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 108,249	\$ 108,249	\$ -	
Total non-depreciable assets	108,249	108,249	-	
Depreciable:				
Buildings and improvements	2,851,412	2,831,826	19,586	
Machinery and equipment	1,023,234	971,380	51,854	
Office furniture and equipment	51,722	47,530	4,192	
Vehicles and apparatus	3,193,452	2,768,106	425,346	
Total depreciable assets	7,119,820	6,618,842	500,978	
Total capital assets	7,228,069	6,727,091	500,978	
Accumulated depreciation	(4,607,162)	(4,648,238)	41,076	
Total capital assets, net				
of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,620,907	\$ 2,078,853	\$ 542,054	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the notes to the financial statements.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of December 31, 2022 the District had obligations under finance purchases for government activities of approximately \$430,800 of which approximately \$105,800 is due within one year.

Additional information on the District's debt obligations can be found in Note 6 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGET

The District introduced their 2023 budget on November 21, 2022. The voters subsequently voted to approve the budget at the February election. The 2023 adopted budget reflects an increase in the tax levy of \$82,371, in which the Board anticipates an increase of \$0.001 increase to the fire tax rate.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean's finances for all of those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean, Katherine Strack, 10 Allen Street, Suite 3A, Toms River, New Jersey 08753.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN District Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022

	 vernmental Activities	Co	Omponent Unit
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 3,907,118	\$	353,084
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	4,630		310,712
Prepaid expenses	6,262		-
Total current assets	3,918,010		663,796
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets, net:			
Nondepreciable (Note 5)	108,249		-
Depreciable (Note 5)	 2,512,658		50,462
Total capital assets	2,620,907		50,462
Total non-current assets	 2,620,907		50,462
Total assets	6,538,917		714,258
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 7)	140,225		-
Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits (Note 8)	354,853		
Total deferred outflow of resources	495,078		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 7,033,995	\$	714,258

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN District Wide Statement of Net Position (continued) December 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Component Unit
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 74,437	\$ 2,336
Accrued expenses	18,500	10,000
Accrued interest payable	1,711	-
Current portions of finance purchase payable (Note 6)	105,810	
Total current liabilities	200,458	12,336
Non-current liabilities:		
Finance purchase payable, net of current portions (Note 6)	325,032	-
Compensated absences (Note 6)	29,960	-
Net pension liability (Note 7)	617,849	-
Net other postemployment benefits (Note 8)	1,367,871	
Total non-current liabilities	2,340,712	
Total liabilities	2,541,170	12,336
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions (Note 7)	226,236	-
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits (Note 8)	1,045,788	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,272,024	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,813,194	12,336
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	2,190,065	-
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects	1,138,685	-
Unrestricted (Note 13)	(107,949)	701,922
Total net position	3,220,801	701,922
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 7,033,995	\$ 714,258

District Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Expenses		Charges for Services		 Total vernmental Activities	Component Unit	
Governmental activities:		_			_		_
Operating appropriations:							
Administration	\$	379,854	\$	-	\$ 379,854	\$	24,994
Costs of operations and maintenance		931,391		-	931,391		584,689
Operating appropriations offset with revenues		115,485		151,022	(35,537)		-
Appropriations for first aid squad		101,903		-	101,903		-
Interest expense		5,660			 5,660		
Total operating appropriations	\$	1,534,293	\$	151,022	1,383,271		609,683
General revenues:							
Miscellaneous revenue					68,642		552,314
Operating grant revenues					6,101		-
Amount raised by taxation					 1,952,082		
Total general revenues					 2,026,825		552,314
Change in net position					643,554		(57,369)
Net position, January 1					 2,577,247		759,291
Net position, December 31					\$ 3,220,801	\$	701,922

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2022

Assets:	Ge	General Fund		General Fund		Capital Debt Projects Fund Service Fund		•				Total vernmental Funds
Current assets: Cash Accounts receivable Other receivables	\$	3,907,118 4,630	\$	- - 1,138,685	\$	- - -	\$	3,907,118 4,630 1,138,685				
Total current assets		3,911,748		1,138,685				5,050,433				
Total assets	\$	3,911,748	\$	1,138,685	\$	-	\$	5,050,433				
Liabilities, equity and other credits: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Other payables Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$	74,437 18,500 1,138,685 1,231,622	\$	- - -	\$	- - - -	\$	74,437 18,500 1,138,685 1,231,622				
Fund balances Restricted for: Capital Projects Assigned for: Subsequent year's expenditures		- 66,395		998,685 140,000		- -		998,685 206,395				
Unassigned		2,613,731		1 120 605				2,613,731				
Total fund balance	_	2,680,126		1,138,685				3,818,811				
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	3,911,748	\$	1,138,685	\$							
Amounts reported for governmental activities different because: Prepaid expenses are reported in governmen												
statement of net position, the cost of those asset		_		. 110		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		6,262				
Capital assets used in governmental activities the funds. The cost of the assets is \$7,228,069						reported in		2,620,907				
Accrued interest payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements due to the fact that payable is not due in the period.						able is not		(1,711)				
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources liability, net length of service awards progratherefore, are not reported in the funds.		_		-				(776,946)				
Long-term liabilities are not due and payabl liabilities in the funds.	e in	the current pe	riod a	nd are therefo	ore not r	eported as	-	(2,446,522)				
Net position of governmental activities							\$	3,220,801				

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Investment income - unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 15,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,565
Other revenue	44,659	-	-	44,659
Sale of assets	8,418			8,418
Total miscellaneous revenues	68,642			68,642
Operating grant revenues:	C 101			C 101
Supplemental fire service act	6,101			6,101
Total operating grant revenue	6,101			6,101
Miscellaneous revenues offset with appropriations:				
Uniform fire safety act:				
Annual registration fees	44,071	-	-	44,071
Penalties and fines	53,167	_	-	53,167
Other revenues	53,784	-	-	53,784
Total uniform fire safety act	151,022			151,022
Total miscellaneous revenues offset with appropriations	151,022			151,022
Total revenues	225,765			225,765
Amount raised by taxation to support district budget	1,752,904	88,250	110,928	1,952,082
Total anticipated revenues	1,978,669	88,250	110,928	2,177,847
Expenditures: Operating appropriations: Administration:	190.625			190 (25
Salaries and wages	180,625	-	-	180,625
Fringe benefits Other expenditures:	136,112	-	-	136,112
Elections	3,854			3,854
Memberships and subscriptions	13,752	-		13,752
Office expense	8,768	_	_	8,768
Professional fees	31,065	_	_	31,065
Travel expenses	4,564	_	-	4,564
Total administration	378,740			378,740
Operating appropriations: Cost of operations and maintenance:				
Salaries and wages	53,850			53,850
Fringe benefits	122,510	-	-	122,510
Other expenditures:	122,310	-	_	122,310
Advertising	1,148	_	_	1,148
Expense reimbursement	16,332	_	_	16,332
Insurance	22,286	_	_	22,286
Maintenance and repairs	165,442	_	_	165,442
Operating materials and supplies	41,159	_	_	41,159
Other non-bondable assets	107,043	_	-	107,043
Outside services	41,572	_	-	41,572
Professional services - District doctor	2,330	_	-	2,330
Promotions	3,747	-	-	3,747
Rental charges	221,504	-	-	221,504
Supplemental fire service grant	6,101	-	-	6,101
Training and education	5,757	-	-	5,757
Travel expenses	8,015	-	-	8,015
Uniforms and personal equipment	32,696	-	-	32,696
Utilities	66,285			66,285
Total cost of operations and maintenance	917,777			917,777
1				

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Ge	neral Fund	Pı	Capital rojects Fund	Debt ice Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Operating appropriations offset with revenues:					 		
Salaries and Wages		111,200		-	-		111,200
Other Expenditures:							
Other expenses	-	4,285			 		4,285
Total operating appropriations offset with revenues		115,485		-	 -		115,485
Appropriations for first aid squad		101,903			 		101,903
Capital appropriations				725,283	 _		725,283
Debt service for capital appropriation: Finance purchase principal Interest on finance purchase		- -		- -	105,004 5,924		105,004 5,924
Total debt service for capital appropriations		-			 110,928		110,928
Total operating appropriations		1,513,905		725,283	 110,928		2,350,116
Excess (efficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures before other financing sources/(uses)		464,764		(637,033)			(172,269)
Other financing sources (uses): Cancellation of fund balance Transfer of funds		22,657 (161,750)		(22,657) 161,750	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources and uses		(139,093)		139,093	-		
Excess (efficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing (uses)		325,671		(497,940)	-		(172,269)
Fund balance, January 1		2,354,455		1,636,625	 -		3,991,080
Fund balance, December 31	\$	2,680,126	\$	1,138,685	\$ -	\$	3,818,811

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the District Wide Statement of Activities December 31, 2022

Total net changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (B-2)		\$ (172,269)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the district wide statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Prepaid expenses are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the district wide statement of net position, the cost of those assets are expensed.		
Prior year	(51,272)	
Current year	6,262	
Capital Outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the district wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		(45,010)
Capital Outlays - General Fund	111,207	
Capital Outlays - Capital Projects Fund	725,283	
Depreciation expense	(294,436)	
Accrual of interest on capital leases is not an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the adjustment is charged to expense and is reported in the district wide statement of activities.		542,054
Prior year	1,975	
Current year	(1,711)	264
		264
Repayment of prinicpal on finance purchases payable is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the district wide statement of net position and is not reported in the district wide statement		
of activities.		105,004

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Funds to the District Wide Statement of Activities (continued) December 31, 2022

In the district wide statement of activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (sick leave) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used, essentially, the amounts actually paid this year, the increase in sick leave paid was \$1,114.

(1,114)

District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the district wide statement of net position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension benefit (expense), which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the district wide statement of activities.

Pension benefit (expense)	134,691	
		134,691

District other postemployment benefit contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the district wide statement of net position because the reported net other postemployment benefit liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Other post employment benefit (expense), which is the change in the net other postemployment benefit liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits is reported in the district wide statement of activities.

Other postemployment benefit (expense)	79,934	
		79,934
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 643,554

NOTE 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

Description of Reporting Entity

Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean (hereafter referred to as the "District") is a political subdivision of the Township of Ocean, County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey (the "State"). A board of five commissioners oversees all of the operations of the District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of every February.

Fire districts are governed by the *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 14-70 et al. and are taxing authorities charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide fire fighting services to the residents within its territorial location.

The primary criterion for including activities within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is whether:

- the District is legally separate (can sue or be sued in their own name);
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization;
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board;
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization;
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District;
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the District.

According to the criteria described above, there is one additional entity required to be included in the reporting entity (see Note 10). The District is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

District Officials

The District is governed by a board of five commissioners. The following were in office at December 31, 2022:

	Term Expires:
Officials:	March
Andrew Beringer	2023
Stuart A. Newman	2024
John Morrow	2024
Thomas C. Reu	2025
Alan Rousell	2023

Accounting Records

The official accounting records of the District are maintained in the office of the District.

Minutes

Minutes were recorded for meetings and contained approvals for disbursements.

NOTE 1: GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Component Units

GASB Statement No. 14. The Financial Reporting Entity, provides guidance that all entities associated with a primary government are potential component units and should be evaluated for inclusion in the financial reporting entity. A primary government is financially accountable not only for the organizations that make up its legal entity but also for legally separate organizations that meet the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units and GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnis - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34 and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units. The District had a component unit as of the year ended December 31, 2022, see Note 9 for additional information.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental funds of state and local governments in accordance with the provisions of *N.J.A.C.* 5:31-7-1. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

The district-wide financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally include the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Fiduciary fund financial statements also report using the same focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. The tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter, within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions on the resources available. The principles of fund accounting require that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds or account groups in accordance with activities or objectives specified for the resources. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types."

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for the inflows and outflows of financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as fire fighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as firehouses and fire fighting apparatus. Generally, the financial resources of the Capital Projects Fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the reservation of fund balance, which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question of the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources that will be used to service general long-term debt.

District Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district wide financial statements (A-1 and A-2) include the district wide statement of net position and the district wide statement of activities. These statements report financial information of the District as a whole excluding the fiduciary activities. All inter-fund activity, excluding the fiduciary funds, has been eliminated in the district wide statement of activities. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities as generally supported through taxes and user fees.

The district wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment or component unit.

Net position is restricted when constraints placed on it is either externally imposed or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and major component units. However, the fiduciary funds are not included in the district wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detail of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

District Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detail of the governmental funds.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and private purpose trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of all governmental fund types, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recorded when due.

In its accounting and financial reporting, the District follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A: 14-78.1 et al.

The fire commissioners must introduce and adopt the annual budget no later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Amendments may be made to the District budget in accordance with *N.J.S.A 40A: 14-78.3*. The budget may be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval for additional items of revenue with offsetting appropriations in accordance with *N.J.S.A 40A: 14-78.5*.

Subsequent to the adoption of the District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for approval of the legal voters. Fire districts have a prescribed budgetary basis to demonstrate legal compliance. However, budgets are adopted on principally the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Districts general-purpose financial statements.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances, other than in the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at year-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

Encumbered appropriations carry over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amounts as of the current year-end. As of December 31, 2022, there were no encumbrances.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash in banks. Fire Districts are required by *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State organized under the laws of the United States or of the State or with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 5-15.1 provides a list of investments that may be purchased by fire districts.

N.J.S.A. 17:9-42 requires New Jersey governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in the State. However, GUDPA does not protect intermingled trust funds such as funds that may pass to the District relative to the happening of a future condition, such funds are shown as uninsured and uncollateralized, see Note 3 for additional information.

Public funds are defined as the funds of any governmental unit. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both State and National banks) and savings banks the deposits of which they are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of five percent of its average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represents amounts due from registration fees associated with the District's fire prevention bureau. The District evaluates its receivables to determine if any portion is uncollectable. Management has determined all receivables to be collectible for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Debt Limitation

N.J.S.A.40A:14-84 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to capital purchases. In summary, Fire Districts may purchase firefighting apparatus, equipment, land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or 2 percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include, land, building, improvements, equipment, are reported in the district wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District has set capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets of \$1,000. Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method (with no depreciation applied to the first year of acquisition) over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Description:	Useful Lives
Building and improvements	5 – 40 Years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 Years
Office furniture and equipment	5 Years
Vehicles and apparatus	5-20 Years

Inventory, Materials and Supplies

The inventory on hand at any time is small. Accordingly, purchases are charged directly to fixed assets or to maintenance costs, as applicable.

Other Receivable/Payable

Other receivables and payables are interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds that are due within one year are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the periods in which the transaction is executed.

Compensated Absences

The District's employees are entitled to sick leave. Unused sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 720 hours and may be carried forward to subsequent years. Upon termination of employment for any reason, an employee shall be paid for accrued, unused sick time, up to 240 hours. Benefits paid in any future year will be calculated according to formulas outlined in the Fire District's agreement with the employee's union and included in the current year's budget. The liability for vested compensated absences is recorded as a non-current liability in the governmental activities fund. The current portion of the compensated absence balance is not considered material to the applicable fund's total liabilities, and is therefore not shown separately from the long-term liability balance of compensated absences.

Revenues and Expenditures

Revenues are recorded when they are determined to be both available and measurable. Generally, fees and other non-tax revenues are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred.

Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for un-matured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Fire District Taxes

Upon proper certification to the assessor of the municipality in which the District is located, the assessor shall assess the amount of taxes to be realized in support of the District's budget in the same manner as all other

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fire District Taxes (continued)

municipal taxes. The collector or treasurer of the municipality shall then pay over to the treasurer or custodian of funds of the District the taxes assessed in accordance with the following schedule: on or before April 1, and amount equaling 21.25% of all monies assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all monies assessed, on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all monies assessed and on or before December 31 an amount equal to the difference between the total of all monies assessed and the total of monies previously paid over.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the district wide statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the district wide statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions and Other Post-employment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Equity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Non-spendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making District and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Board of Commissioners.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Position

Net position, represents the difference between summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified in the following three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. GASB based the new standard on the principle that leases are financing of the right to use an underlying asset. GASB Statement No. 87 became effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District adopted this statement in the current year, however implementation of this statement did not have a material impact on the District's financial statements and related disclosures.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

GASB has issued the following statements which will become effective in future fiscal years as shown below

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement establishes a single approach to accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements for government end users. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after December 31, 2022 through the date of November 15, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3: CASH

The District is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of New Jersey state law. The deposits held at December 31, 2022, and reported at fair value are as follows:

Type:	Carrying Value		
Deposits:			
Demand deposits	\$	3,906,118	
Petty cash		1,000	
Total deposits	\$	3,907,118	
Reconciliation to the Governmental Funds:			
Governmental Funds	\$	3,907,118	
Total	\$	3,907,118	

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the District's bank balance of \$3,915,183 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Insured	\$ 250,000
Collateralized in the District's name under GUDPA	3,665,183
Total	\$ 3,915,183

NOTE 4: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of December 31, 2022, accounts receivables consisted of the following:

Local fees	\$ 4,630
Total	\$ 4,630

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

N.J.S.A. 40A: 14-84 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for fire districts, and the *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 14-85-87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, fire districts may purchase firefighting apparatus, equipment, land, and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding five mills on the dollar of the least assessed valuation of property within the District upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or two percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Capital assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2022:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 108,249	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,249	
Total non-depreciable assets	108,249	-	-	108,249	
Depreciable assets:					
Building and improvements	2,831,826	19,586	-	2,851,412	
Machinery and equipment	971,380	87,429	(35,575)	1,023,234	
Office Furniture equipment	47,530	4,192	-	51,722	
Vehicles and apparatus	2,768,106	725,283	(299,937)	3,193,452	
Total depreciable assets	6,618,842	836,490	(335,512)	7,119,820	
Total capital assets	6,727,091	836,490	(335,512)	7,228,069	
Less: accumulated depreciation:					
Building and improvements	(1,904,470)	(96,690)	-	(2,001,160)	
Machinery and equipment	(863,208)	(38,468)	35,575	(866,101)	
Office Furniture equipment	(47,530)	(419)	-	(47,949)	
Vehicles and apparatus	(1,833,030)	(158,859)	299,937	(1,691,952)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,648,238)	(294,436)	335,512	(4,607,162)	
Total capital assets, net of		,		,	
accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,078,853	\$ 542,054	\$ -	\$ 2,620,907	

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Beginning Balance	Accrued/ increases	(Retired)/ (decreases)	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Finance purchase payable	\$ 535,846	\$ -	\$ (105,004)	\$ 430,842	\$ 105,810
Compensated absences	28,846	1,114	-	29,960	-
Net pension liability	408,851	208,998	-	617,849	-
Net other postemployment					
benefit liability	1,534,841		(166,970)	1,367,871	
Total	\$ 2,508,384	\$ 210,112	\$ (271,974)	\$ 2,446,522	\$ 105,810

Finance Purchase Payable

On July 26, 2021, the District adopted a resolution approving the purchase of a new fire apparatus in the amount of \$735,846. Whereas the District will provide a \$200,000 down payment from available funds and finance the balance of \$535,846 through a five-year lease purchase agreement with an interest rate of 1.188%.

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Finance Purchase Payable (continued)

The purchase agreement matures on September 1, 2026. The future minimum payments are as follows:

Year Ending						
December 31,	<u>P</u>	Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	105,810	\$	5,118	\$	110,928
2024		107,067		3,861		110,928
2025		108,339		2,590		110,929
2026		109,626		1,302		110,928
Total	\$	430,842	\$	12,871	\$	443,713

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to Division's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at http://www.nj.gov/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by *N.J.S.A.* 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

<u>Tier</u> <u>Definition</u>

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 with 25 or more years of service credit before age 62 and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Basis of Presentation

The schedules of employer and nonemployer allocations and the schedules of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PERS or its participating employers. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PERS or the participating employers. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PERS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PERS is set by *N.J.S.A.* 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount, which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For the fiscal year 2022, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount. The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate, which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District's contractually required contribution to PERS plan was \$51,628.

Components of Net Pension Liability

At December 31, 2022, the District's proportionate share of the PERS net pension liability was \$617,849. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, was 0.0040940550% which was an increase of 0.0006428177% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Components of Net Pension Liability

	Balance December 31,				
		2022	2021		
Actuarial valuation date (including roll forward)	Jun	e 30, 2022	Jun	e 30, 2021	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	140,225	\$	25,134	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		226,236		484,834	
Net Pension Liability		617,849		408,851	
District's portion of the plan's total Net Pension Liability		0.00409%		0.00345%	

Pension (Benefit) Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2022, the District's proportionate share of the PERS (benefit) expense, calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date is \$(83,063) At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected				
and actual experience	\$	4,459	\$	3,933
Changes of Assumptions		1,914		92,516
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		25,572		-
Changes in proportion and differences				
between the District's contributions				
and proportion share of contributions		108,280		129,787
	\$	140,225	\$	226,236
	D	140,223	<u> </u>	220,230

The District will amortize the above sources of deferred outflows and inflows related to PERS over the following number of years:

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Pension (Benefit) Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS that will be recognized in future periods:

Year Ending	
December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (57,299)
2024	(31,302)
2025	(17,469)
2026	24,426
2027	(4,367)
Total	\$ (86,011)

Special Funding Situation

Under N.J.S.A. 43:15A-15, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. The legislation which legally obligates the State, are Chapter 366, P.L. 2001 and Chapter 133, P.L. 2001. The amounts contributed on behalf of the local participating employers under this legislation is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers related to this legislation. At December 31, 2022, the State's proportionate share of the PERS expense, associated with the District, calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date was \$1,300.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation:	
Price	2.75%
Wage	3.25%
Salary Increases:	2.75% - 6.55% Based on Years of Service
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality Rate Table Pub-2010 General Below – Median Income Employee

Mortality table fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using Scale MP-2021

Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based

July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Employee Mortality Table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 7: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

	Target	Long –Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00%	8.12%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50%	8.38%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	10.33%
Private Equity	13.00%	11.80%
Real Estate	8.00%	11.19%
Real Assets	3.00%	7.60%
High Yield	4.00%	4.95%
Private Credit	8.00%	8.10%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	3.38%
Cash Equivalents	4.00%	1.75%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	1.75%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	4.91%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		(Current	
	 Decrease 6.00%)		count Rate 7.00%)	Increase 8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 800,478	\$	617,849	\$ 472,111

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB Plan

The State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan (the Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. It covers employees of local government employers that have adopted a resolution to participate in the Plan. For additional information about the Plan, please refer to the State of New Jersey (the State), Division of Pensions and Benefits' (the Division) annual financial statements. which can be found https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

The Plan provides medical and prescription drug to retirees and their covered dependents of the participating employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees. Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations' agreement.

In accordance with Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, which is codified in N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32i, the State provides medical and prescription coverage to local police officers and firefighters, who retire with 25 years of service or on a disability from an employer who does not provide postretirement medical coverage. Local employers were required to file a resolution with the Division in order for their employees to qualify for State-paid retiree health benefits coverage under Chapter 330. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L.1989.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and the schedule of OPEB amounts by employer and nonemployer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of its participating employers or the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of the participating employers or the State. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of the Plan to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 75 requires participating employers in the Plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective OPEB expense (benefit). The special funding situation's and nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB (benefit) expense are based on separately calculated total OPEB liabilities. For the special funding situation and the nonspecial funding situation, the total OPEB liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$3,361,552,823 and \$12,729,372,321, respectively. The nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB (benefit) expense are further allocated to employers based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes; therefore, amounts presented in the schedule of OPEB amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the collective net OPEB liability of the plan as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 16,090,925,144
Plan fiduciary net position	(58,670,334)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 16,149,595,478

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Salary Increases*:

PERS:

Rate for all future years 2.75% to 6.55%

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS):

Rate of all future years 3.25% to 16.25%

Mortality Rate Table:

PERS Pub-2010 general classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational

mortality improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2021

PFRS Pub-2010 safety classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2021

^{*} Salary increases are based on years of service within the respective plan

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Net OPEB Liability (continued)

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the PFRS and PERS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

OPEB Obligation and OPEB (Benefit) Expense

The District's proportionate share of the total Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligations was \$1,367,871. The OPEB Obligation was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB Obligation used to calculate the OPEB Obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The State's proportionate share of the OPEB Obligation associated with the District was based on projection of the State's long-term contributions to the OPEB plan associated with the District relative to the projected contributions by the State associated with all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the State proportionate share of the OPEB Obligation attributable to the District was 0.008470%, which was a decrease of 0.000057% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the State of New Jersey recognized an OPEB (benefit) expense in the amount of \$(44,319) for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB (benefit) expense attributable to the District. This OPEB (benefit) expense was based on the OPEB plans June 30, 2022 measurement date.

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 6.25% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the trend rate is initially (1.89%) for PPO plans and (1.99%) for HMO plans with both increasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1	1 % Decrease	Н	lealthcare Cost Trend Rate	1	% Increase
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District	\$	1,160,406	\$	1,367,871	\$	1,633,575
State's Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability	\$	13,700,188,049	\$	16,149,595,478	\$	19,286,596,671

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1 % Decrease (2.54%)]	Current Discount Rate (3.54%)	 1% Increase (4.54%)
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District	\$ 1,585,638	\$	1,367,871	\$ 1,192,657
State's Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability	\$ 18,720,632,230	\$	16,149,595,478	\$ 14,080,955,857

Additional Information

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net OPEB liability balances as of June 30, 2022:

	Balance December 31,					
	2022	2021				
Actuarial valuation date (including roll forward)	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 354,853	\$ 379,313				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,045,788	983,212				
Net Pension Liability	1,367,871	1,534,841				
District's portion of the plan's total Net Pension Liability	0.00847%	0.00853%				

OPEB Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2022, the District's proportionate share of the OPEB outflows and inflows, calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2022 measurement date is \$354,853 and \$1,045,788, respectively. At December 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected		_	'	_
and actual experience	\$	70,638	\$	253,545
Changes of assumptions		182,548		466,828
Net difference between projected				
and actual earnings on pension plan investments		360		-
Changes in proportion		101,307		325,415
	\$	354,853	\$	1,045,788

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

NOTE 8: OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB that will be recognized in future periods:

Year Ending	
December 31,	Amount
2023	\$ (155,963)
2024	(156,073)
2025	(129,982)
2026	(75,767)
2027	(41,824)
2028 - 2029	(131,326)
Total	\$ (690,935)

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized) by each employer over the average remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 7.82, 7.82, 7.87, 8.05, 8.14 and 8.04 years for the 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounts, respectively.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2021, the Program membership consisted of the following:

Active plan members	65,360
Retirees currently receiving benefits	33,684
Total plan members	99,044

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The change in the State's Total OPEB liability for the measurement date June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Service cost	\$	796,654,029
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	4	401,372,615
Changes in benefit terms		402,474,416
Differences in expected and actual experience		572,046,963
Changes in assumptions		(3,599,550,175)
Contributions from the employer		(389,490,003)
Contributions from non-employer contributing entities		(45,792,081)
Net investment income		(235,962)
Administrative expenses		12,334,441
Net changes		(1,850,185,757)
Total OPEB Liability (Beginning)		17,999,781,235
		_
Total OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$	16,149,595,478

NOTE 9: COMPONENT UNIT

On October 21, 2011, Oakhurst E.M.S., Inc., a 501(c)(3) corporation was formed. Oakhurst E.M.S., Inc. began operations on August 1, 2012. Paid EMS technicians respond to calls for assistance for twelve hours per day (6 am - 6 pm) and volunteers respond to calls for the remaining twelve hours (6 pm - 6 am). Billings for services are sent to the recipients of assistance only when the paid EMS technicians respond. Ambulances, equipment and the building are shared by the paid technicians and the volunteers.

The five (5) Commissioners of the District are the 5 members of the Board of Trustees of Oakhurst E.M.S., Inc. Because the board members are the same on both boards, Oakhurst E.M.S., Inc. is considered a component unit of the District and is discretely presented in the District's financial statements. Detailed financial statements for Oakhurst E.M.S., Inc. are available from the administrative office located at 72 Larkin Place, Oakhurst, New Jersey, 07755.

NOTE 10: FUNDING

The activities of the Board of Commissioners are primarily funded by the striking of the fire tax on the property owners of the District, as provided for by the state statute. For the year ended December 31, 2022, the fire tax rate on the District was approximately \$.044 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax revenue is supplemented by income earned on surplus funds invested in a money market fund and investments during the year. The District also participates in the Supplemental Fire Services Program and received a supplemental fire services grant of approximately \$6,101.

NOTE 11: OTHER RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

Other receivable and payables are interfunds whose purpose is for short-term borrowing. As of December 31, 2022, the following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet:

Fund	nterfund eceivable]	nterfund payable
General	\$ -	\$	1,138,685
Capital Projects	1,138,685		-
Total	\$ 1,138,685	\$	1,138,685

Other receivables/payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the District and that are due within one year. As previously mentioned, these amounts are eliminated in the governmental statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and district wide, which are presented as internal balances in the district wide statement of net position.

NOTE 12: FUND BALANCE

General Fund – Of the \$2,680,126 General Fund, fund balance at December 31, 2022, \$66,395 is assigned for subsequent years expenditures and \$2,613,731 is unassigned.

Capital Projects Fund – Of the \$1,138,685 Capital Projects Fund, fund balance at December 31, 2022 \$140,000 is assigned for subsequent years expenditures and \$998,685 is restricted for capital.

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless prohibited by law or regulation.

NOTE 13: DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

As reflected on Exhibit A-1, district wide statement of net position, a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$(107,949) existed as of December 31, 2022 for governmental activities. The primary cause of this deficit is the recording of the long-term liability for net pension and long-term liability of other postretirement benefits obligations. In accordance with full accrual accounting, which is the basis of accounting for Exhibit A-1, district wide statement of net position, such liabilities are required to be recorded in the period in which they are incurred. However, in accordance with the rules and regulations that govern the District in the formulation of their annual budget (see Note 1), pension liabilities that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event outside the control of the District and its employees, are funded in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place. If this was not required, the unrestricted net position before the net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit liability obligations and deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions and other postemployment benefits would be \$2,654,717 as of December 31, 2022. This deficit in unrestricted net position does not indicate that the District is facing financial difficulties.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Modified Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous revenues:				
Investment income	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,200	\$ 15,565	\$ 11,365
Other revenue	1,000	1,000	44,659	43,659
Total miscellaneous revenues	5,200	5,200	68,642	63,442
Operating grant revenues:				
Supplemental fire service act	6,101	6,101	6,101	-
Total operating grant revenue	6,101	6,101	6,101	
Miscellaneous revenues offset with appropriations:				
Uniform fire safety act:				
Annual registration fees	79,000	79,000	44,071	(34,929)
Penalties and fines	-	-	53,167	53,167
Other revenues	53,800	53,800	53,784	(16)
Total uniform fire safety act	132,800	132,800	151,022	18,222
Total miscellaneous revenues offset with appropriations	132,800	132,800	151,022	18,222
Total revenues	144,101	144,101	225,765	81,664
Amount raised by taxation to support district budget	1,952,082	1,952,082	1,952,082	
Total anticipated revenues	2,096,183	2,096,183	2,177,847	81,664
Expenditures: Operating appropriations:				
Administration:			400.60	
Salaries and wages	210,500	210,500	180,625	29,875
Fringe benefits Other expenditures:	112,753	136,753	136,112	641
Elections	4,700	4,700	3,854	846
Memberships and subscriptions	18,600	18,600	13,752	4,848
Office expense	12,750	12,750	8,768	3,982
Professional fees	98,400	98,400	31,065	67,335
Travel expenses	14,000	14,000	4,564	9,436
Total administration	471,703	495,703	378,740	116,963
Cost of operations and maintenance:				
Salaries and wages	56,000	56,000	53,850	2,150
Fringe benefits	151,371	127,371	122,510	4,861
Other expenditures:	2 000	2 000	1 1 40	0.50
Advertising	2,000	2,000	1,148	852
Expense reimbursement Insurance	55,000 45,000	55,000 57,000	16,332 22,286	38,668 34,714
Maintenance and repairs	251,750	214,750	165,442	49,308
Operating materials and supplies	33,829	43,829	41,159	2,670
Other non-bondable assets	116,101	120,101	107,043	13,058
Outside services	52,500	52,500	41,572	10,928
Permits, licenses, fees and registrations	500	500	-	500
Professional services - District doctor	3,500	3,500	2,330	1,170
Promotions	5,000	5,000	3,747	1,253
Rental charges	215,000	222,000	221,504	496
Supplemental fire service grant Training and education	6,101	6,101	6,101 5,757	- 5,793
Training and education Travel expenses	11,550 12,900	11,550 12,900	5,757 8,015	5,793 4,885
Uniforms and personal equipment	38,000	38,000	32,696	5,304
Utilities	70,700	70,700	66,285	4,415
Total cost of operations and maintenance	1,126,802	1,098,802	917,777	181,025

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Modified Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance
Operating appropriations offset with revenues:				
Salaries and wages	108,000	112,000	111,200	800
Fringe benefits	23,130	23,130	-	23,130
Other Expenditures:				
Other expenses	1,670	1,670	4,285	(2,615)
Total operating appropriations offset with revenues	132,800	136,800	115,485	21,315
Appropriations for first aid squad	165,700	165,700	101,903	63,797
Capital appropriations	250,000	250,000	725,283	(475,283)
Debt service for capital appropriation:				
Finance purchase principal	105,004	105,004	105,004	-
Interest on finance purchase	5,924	5,924	5,924	
Total debt service for capital appropriations	110,928	110,928	110,928	
Total operating appropriations	2,257,933	2,257,933	2,350,116	(92,183)
Excess (efficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures before other financing sources (uses)	(161,750)	(161,750)	(172,269)	(10,519)
Fund balance, January 1	3,991,080	3,991,080	3,991,080	
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 3,829,330	\$ 3,829,330	\$ 3,818,811	\$ (10,519)

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Public Employee's Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Meası	Measurement Date Ended June 30	Ende	d June 30,								
		2022		2021		2020	7	6102		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.00409%		0.00345%		0.00429%	-	0.00422%		0.00414%		0.00487%		0.00509%		0.00495%		0.00468%		0.00468%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	S	617,849	S	408,851	S	699,327	S	761,118	S	815,945	€9	1,134,227	S	1,506,551	S	1,112,201	S	875,900	8	863,938
Districts Covered-Employee Payroll	S	306,267	S	294,811	S	286,448	S	299,364	S	314,447	€9	357,995	S	348,395	S	339,208	S	324,384	8	273,996
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll		201.74%		138.68%		244.14%		254.24%		259.49%		316.83%		432.43%		327.88%		270.02%		326.26%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		62.91%		70.33%		58.32%		56.27%		53.60%		48.10%		40.14%		47.93%		52.08%		48.72%

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Schedule of District Contributions Public Employee's Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Year Ended December 31,	Decem	ber 31,								
		2020		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013
District's Contractually Required Contribution	S	51,628	S	40,418	S	46,913	S	41,088	S	41,220	S	45,138	S	45,190	S	42,596	S	38,567	S	35,243
District's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(51,628)		(40,418)		(46,913)		(41,088)		(41,220)		(45,138)		(45,190)		(42,596)		(38,567)		(35,243)
District's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	S		S		S	-	S		S	-	S	1	S		S		S		S	1
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	S	316,100	S	306,267	S	294,811	S	286,448	S	299,364	S	314,447	S	357,995	S	348,395	S	339,208	S	324,384
District's Contributions as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Pavroll		16.33%		13.20%		15.91%		14.34%		13.77%		14.35%		12.62%		12.23%		11.37%		10.86%

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability
Last Seven Fiscal Years *

						Meas	uremer	Measurement Date Ended June 30,	ne 30,					
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
District's Proportion of the Other Postemployment Benefit Liability (asset)		0.00847%		0.00853%		0.00960%		0.00894%		%99600:0		0.00953%		0.01053%
Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability (asset)	-∽	1,367,871	€	1,534,841	↔	1,722,336	↔	1,211,290	↔	1,512,769	↔	1,945,829	€9	2,287,501
Districts Covered-employee Payroll	€	306,267	∻	294,811	€9	286,448	€	299,364	€	314,447	€	357,995	⇔	348,395
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability (asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-employee payroll		446.63%		520.62%		601.27%		404.62%		481.09%		543.54%		656.58%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		(0.36%)		0.28%		0.91%		1.98%		1.97%		0.00%		0.00%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes of Benefit Terms

The June 30, 2022 measurement date includes three changes in plan provisions, one of which had an impact on the State's total net pension liability. Chapter 226, P.L. 2021 reopened the Prosecutors Part of PERS and made membership in the Prosecutors Part of PERS mandatory for all prosecutors.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used as of June 30, measurement date is as follows:

Year	Rate	Year	Rate	Year	Rate
2022	7.00%	2019	6.28%	2016	3.98%
2021	7.00%	2018	5.66%	2015	4.90%
2020	7.00%	2017	5.00%	2014	5.39%

The long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30, measurement date is as follows:

Year	Rate	Year	Rate	Year	Rate
2022	7.00%	2019	7.00%	2016	7.65%
2021	7.00%	2018	7.00%	2015	7.90%
2020	7.00%	2017	7.00%	2014	7.90%

The mortality assumption was updated upon the direction from the Division of Pensions and Benefits.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Changes in Benefits

The increase in benefit terms from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 was a result of employers adopting and or changing Chapter 48 provisions which provide different levels of subsidy than in the prior year.

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences

The increase in differences between expected and actual experiences from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 was a result of changes to the census, claims and premiums experience.

Changes of Assumptions

The increase in changes in assumptions from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2022 is a result of a change in the discount rate, trend update, and the mortality projection scale update.

Changes of Assumptions (continued)

The discount rate used as of June 30, measurement date for the last six fiscal years is as follows:

Year	Rate	Year	Rate	Year	Rate
2022	3.54%	2019	3.50%	2016	2.85%
2021	2.16%	2018	3.87%		
2020	2.21%	2017	3.58%		

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 1 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF OCEAN Long-Term Debt Schedule of Obligations Under Finance Purchases Payable For the year ended December 31, 2022

Date of	Date of Term of Amount of Original Issue	iginal Issue	Annual Maturities		Interest Rate	An	Amount Outstanding	Por no		Dotting	0	Amount Outstanding
Lease Frinci	pai	Interest	Date	Amount	Fayable	Januar	ry 1, 2022	Issued		Kenred	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Ferrara Cinder Heavy Duty Pumper July 26, 2021 5 Yrs. \$ 535,846	9	\$ 18,795				€9	\$35,846 \$		\$	105,004	69	430,842
			September 1, 2023 \$	105,810	1.188%							
			September 1, 2024	107,067	1.188%							
			September 1, 2025	108,339	1.188%							
			September 1, 2026	109,626	1.188%				ļ			
					F	6	0 70 363		6	0 100 201	6	430.042



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Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean County of Monmouth Ocean, New Jersey

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Fire District No. 1 of the Township of Ocean (hereafter referred to as the "District"), County of Monmouth, State of New Jersey for the year ended December 31, 2022. In accordance with requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the following are the *General Comments* and *Recommendations* for the year then ended.

GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Contracts and Agreements Required to be Advertised by (N.J.S.A.40A:11-4)

N.J.S.A.40A:11-4 - Every contract or agreement, for the performance of any work or furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the cost or the contract price whereof is to be paid with or out of public funds not included within the terms of Section 3 of this act, shall be made or awarded only by the governing body of the contracting unit after public advertising for bids and bidding therefore, except as is provided otherwise in this act or specifically by any other Law. No work, materials or supplies shall be undertaken, acquired or furnished for a sum exceeding in the aggregate \$17,500, except by contract or agreement.

It is pointed out that the Board of Fire Commissioners has the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the statutory minimum within the fiscal year. Where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the solicitor's opinion should be sought before a commitment is made.

The minutes indicate that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services," per *N.J.S.A.40A:11-5*.

Inasmuch as the system of records did not provide for an accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the results of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear-cut violations existed. The results or our examination did not disclose any discrepancies.

Contracts and Agreements Requiring Solicitation of Quotations

The examination of expenditures did not reveal any individual payments, contracts or agreements in excess of \$2,625 "for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies", other than those where bids had been previously sought by public advertisement or where a resolution had been previously adopted under the provision of (*N.J.S.A.40A:11-6.1*). The supporting documentation indicated that quotes were requested for all items that required them.

Examination of Cash Receipts

A test check of cash receipts was performed. The results of the test did not disclose any discrepancies.

Capital Assets

The Capital Asset subledger was maintained properly and a reconciliation between the physical and perpetual inventory records was performed at year-end.

Examination of Bills

A test check of paid bills was performed and each bill, upon proper approval, was considered as a separate and individual contract unless the records disclosed it to be a part payment or estimate. The results of the examination did not disclose any discrepancies with respect to signatures, certification or supporting documentation.

Examination of Payroll

The examination of the payroll account included the detailed computation of various deductions or other credits from the payroll of the District employees and we ascertained that the accumulated withholdings were disbursed to the proper agencies.

Budget Adoption

The State of New Jersey requires that the District's operating and capital budgets be approved and adopted for each fiscal year. The District approved its operating budget on November 22, 2021 and adopted its operating budget on December 20, 2021.

Current Year Finding

There were no current year findings.

Follow-Up of Prior Year's Findings

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, our procedures included a review of all prior year findings. There were no prior year findings.

Acknowledgment

We received the complete cooperation of all the staff of the District and we greatly appreciate the courtesies extended to the members of the audit team.

Should you have any questions concerning our comments or recommendations, or should you desire any assistance in implementing our recommendations, please call us.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 15, 2023 Lakewood, New Jersey